20

5

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A plant containing a recombinant nucleic acid construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic ACCase operably linked to a promoter, wherein said construct lacks a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase, wherein said plant produces seeds that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid construct.

2. The plant of claim 1, wherein said increase in oil content is from about 5% to about 25% greater or a dry weight basis.

- 3. The plant of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a plant cytosolic ACCase.
- 4. The plant of claim 3, wherein said nucleic acid encodes an alfalfa cytosolic ACCase.
- 5. The plant of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said ACCase lacks introns.
- 6. The plant of claim 1, wherein said promoter is a cauliflower mosaic virus (CaMV) 35S promoter.
- 7. The plant of claim 6, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase lacks introns.
  - 8. The plant of claim 1, wherein said plant is a soybean plant.
  - 9. The plant of claim 1, wherein said plant is a *Brassica* plant.

10

15

20

25

- 10. The plant of claim 9, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of *Brassica napus*, *Brassica rapa*, *Brassica juncea*, *Brassica carinata*, *Brassica nigra* and *Brassica oleracea*.
  - 11. Seeds produced by the plant of claim 1.
- 12. Progeny of the plant of claim 1, wherein said progeny produce seeds that exhibit said statistically significant increase in oil content.
- A plant containing a recombinant nucleic acid construct comprising a promoter operably linked to a cytosolic ACCase coding sequence, wherein said cytosolic ACCase coding sequence lacks introns, wherein said plant produces seeds that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid construct.
  - 4. The plant of claim 13, wherein said promoter is a CaMV 35S promoter.
  - 75. The plant of claim 13, wherein said promoter is seed-specific.
- 16. The plant of claim 13, wherein said construct further comprises a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said cytosolic ACCase coding sequence.

17. A method of producing a plant, comprising:

- (a) providing a plant comprising a nucleic acid construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic ACCase operably linked to a promoter; and
- (b) selecting, for at least one generation, progeny plants that produce seeds exhibiting a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid construct.
- The method of Plaim 17, wherein said increase in oil content is from about 5% to about 25% greater on a draweight basis.

15

- 19. The method of claim 17, wherein said nucleic acid encodes a plant cytosolic ACCase.
- 5 The method of claim 19, wherein said nucleic acid encodes an alfalfa 20. cytosolic ACCase.
  - The method of claim 17, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic 21. ACCase lacks introns.
    - The method of claim 17, wherein said promoter is a CaMV 35S promoter. 22.
  - The method of claim 17, wherein said selecting is for at least three 23. generations.
  - 24. The method of claim 17, wherein said construct further comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase.
  - The method of claim 24, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said transit 25. peptide encodes a tobacco small subunit Rubisco transit peptide.
    - The method of claim 24, wherein said promoter is a CaMV 35S promoter. 26.
- 25 ethod of claim 26, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic 27. ACCase lacks into
  - The method of claim 17, wherein said construct lacks nucleic acid sequences 28. encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase.
- 30

29. The method of claim 28, wherein said promoter is a CaMV 35S promoter.

39. The method of claim 29, wherein said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase lacks introps.

5

10

- 31. The method of claim 17, wherein said plant is a *Brassica* plant.
- 32. The method of claim 31, wherein said plant is selected from the group consisting of *Brassica napus*, *Brassica rapa*, *Brassica juncea*, *Brassica carinata*, *Brassica nigra* and *Brassica oleracea*.

(Ma 23>

33. A method of producing a plant, comprising the steps of:

(a) introducing a construct into one or more plants, said construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic acetyl ACCase operably linked to a promoter,

wherein progeny of one or more of said transgenic plants, following at least one generation of selection, produce seeds that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid encoding said ACCase.

20

25

15

- 34. A method of increasing the oil content in seeds, comprising the steps of:
- (a) creating one or more plants containing a nucleic acid construct, said nucleic acid construct comprising a nucleic acid encoding a cytosolic ACCase operably linked to a promoter; and
- (b) selecting progeny of said one or more plants that exhibit a statistically significant increase in oil content in seeds as compared to seeds produced by a corresponding plant lacking said nucleic acid encoding said ACCase.
- 35. The method of claim 34, wherein said selection step comprises selecting progeny that contain said nucleic acid construct.

10

- A nucleic acid construct comprising a cytosolic ACCase coding sequence operably linked to a promoter, wherein aid construct lacks a nucleic acid encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase.
- The nucleic acid construct of claim 36, wherein said cytosolic ACCase coding sequence lacks in rops.
- 38. A nucleic acid construct comprising a cytosolic ACCase coding sequence operably linked to a promoter, wherein said cytosolic ACCase coding sequence lacks introns.

The nucleic acid construct of claim 38, wherein said construct further comprises a nucleic acid sequence encoding a transit peptide operably linked to said nucleic acid encoding said cytosolic ACCase.